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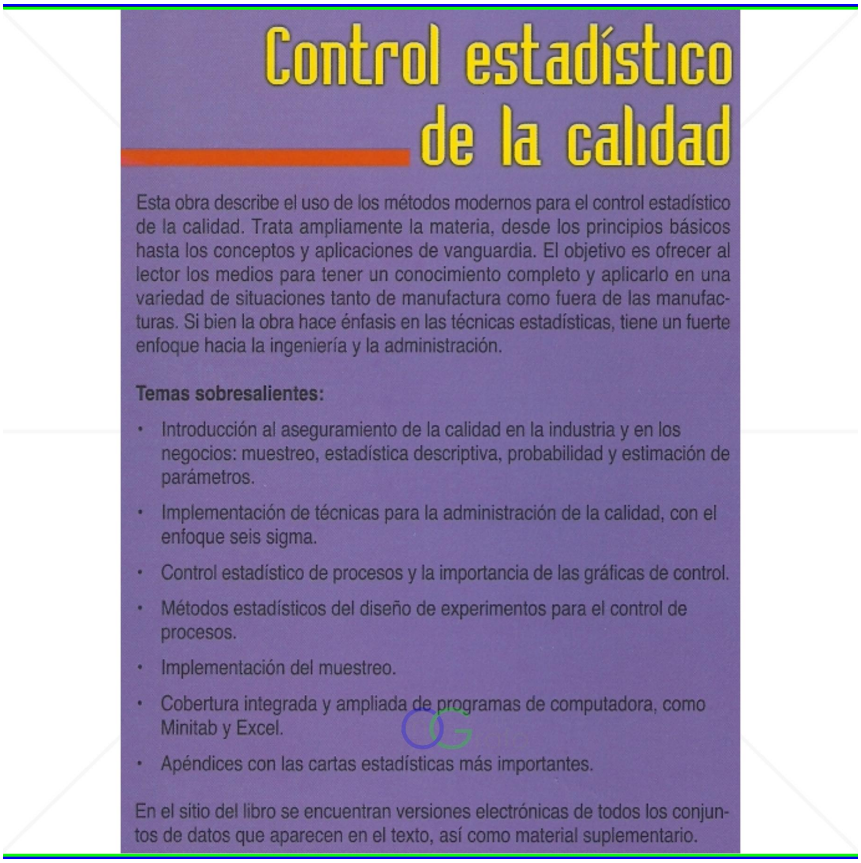

. . .) b$), then $S_1 = a/b \text{ and } S_2 = c/d$ for some $a, b, c, d \in \Z$ with $ad - bc = 1$. And the image of a general element of X is again the image of a general element of X'. Since X has dimension 3, it follows that X' has dimension at least 3, so X' is rational. Let μ_p denote the multiplicative group of the p-adic integers, and let H_p denote its maximal pro-p subgroup. Then there is a closed subgroup $H \subseteq G$ such that G/H is isomorphic to a product of μ_p's, and $H \supseteq H_p$. Such a H is called a *minimal* pro-p subgroup of G. See [@NS] for the fact that the existence of such a H implies that G is pro-p and has pro-p completion $\widehat{G}$, i.e. it is isomorphic to $\widehat{\mu}_p \times \widehat{\mu}_p \times \widehat{\mu}_p$ or a quotient thereof. If a pro-p group G has a pro-p completion $\widehat{G}$, then the notion of a minimal pro-p subgroup is equivalent to the notion of a

subgroup H of G such that G/H is isomorphic to a product of μ_p's. Let G be a pro-p group with a minimal pro-p completion $\widehat{G}$. Let H be a minimal pro-p subgroup of G. - $\widehat{G}^p$ is dense in $\widehat{G}$ if and only if H is dense in G. - $\widehat{G}^p$ is closed in $\widehat{G}$ if and only if H is closed in G. - If $\widehat{G 82157476af

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